## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A quantum cascade laser comprising:

an active layer, having a cascade structure, in which quantum well light emitting layers and injection layers are laminated alternately on a semiconductor substrate formed of GaAs, and generating light by intersubband transitions in a quantum well structure;

- a waveguide core layer, formed adjacent said active layer; and
- a waveguide clad layer, formed adjacent said waveguide core layer at the side opposite the side of said active layer; and

wherein said waveguide core layer is formed of a group III-V compound semiconductor, containing, as the group V elements, N and at least one element selected from the group consisting of As, P, and Sb, and formed so as to be lattice matched with said semiconductor substrate.

- 2. The quantum cascade laser according to Claim 1, wherein said waveguide core layer is formed to a predetermined thickness that is set so that optical modes of higher orders will not be guided.
- 3. The quantum cascade laser according to Claim 1, wherein said waveguide clad layer contains a high-concentration doped layer formed of a group III-V compound semiconductor, containing, as the group V

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elements, N and at least one element selected from the group consisting of As, P, and Sb.

4. A quantum cascade laser comprising:

an active layer, having a cascade structure, in which quantum well light emitting layers and injection layers are laminated alternately on a semiconductor substrate formed of InP, and generating light by intersubband transitions in a quantum well structure;

- a waveguide core layer, formed adjacent said active layer; and
- a waveguide clad layer, formed adjacent said waveguide core layer at the side opposite the side of said active layer; and

wherein said waveguide core layer is formed of a group III-V compound semiconductor, containing, as the group V elements, N and at least one element selected from the group consisting of As, P, and Sb, and formed so as to be lattice matched with said semiconductor substrate.

- 5. The quantum cascade laser according to Claim 4, wherein said waveguide core layer is formed to a predetermined thickness that is set so that optical modes of higher orders will not be guided.
- 6. The quantum cascade laser according to
  Claim 4, wherein said waveguide clad layer contains a
  high-concentration doped layer formed of a group III-V

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compound semiconductor, containing, as the group V elements, N and at least one element selected from the group consisting of As, P, and Sb.

7. A quantum cascade laser comprising:

a semiconductor substrate formed of GaAs; and

an active layer, disposed on said semiconductor substrate and having a plurality of quantum well light emitting layers, generating light by means of intersubband transitions in a quantum well structure, and a plurality of injection layers, respectively disposed between the plurality of quantum well light emitting layers and forming a cascade structure along with said quantum well light emitting layers; and

wherein said quantum well light emitting layers and said injection layers of said active layer are formed to contain group III-V compound semiconductors, each containing, as the group V elements, N and at least one element selected from the group consisting of As, P, and Sb.

- 8. The quantum cascade laser according to Claim 7, wherein the composition ratio of N in said group III-V compound semiconductor is no less than 0.1% and no more than 40%.
- 9. The quantum cascade laser according to
  25 Claim 7, further comprising a semiconductor layer
  formed adjacent said active layer, disposed at least

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either between said semiconductor substrate and said active layer or at the side of said active layer opposite the semiconductor substrate side and formed of a group III-V compound semiconductor, containing, as the group V elements, N and at least one element selected from the group consisting of As, P, and Sb.